

Numbers of days until
GCSE exams start
(start 9th May)

44

Final GCSE Success Evening

Tues 26th March

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#TeamLiskeard



Key dates

- Mocks – all completed
- NEA – all deadlines have now passed
- After Easter – Personalised Exam Timetables distributed
- After Easter – Exit Timetables will be distributed
- Friday 3rd May during Period 4:
 - Final celebration assembly
 - Year group photo
 - Shirt signing
 - An additional treat...
- Thursday 9th May – Exams Start
- Friday 24th May - Y11 Vs Y10 Football Match
- Last exam date:
 - Wednesday 19th June
 - Wednesday 26th June – all to be available for Contingency Day
- Friday 28th June - Prom at St Mellion
- Wednesday 3rd July – Celebration and Awards Evening
- Thursday 22nd August – Results Day



What's happening in school

- Teaching:
 - Normal lessons are ongoing, including Period 5 lessons, until the end of the exams
- Revision:
 - Tutorial sessions:
 - Assemblies / Well being activities / Independent Revision / Maths or English sessions
 - EPW – After Easter, these lessons will become supervised Independent Revision – students are to bring own resources
 - PE – After Easter, PE is optional so that students can choose to revise, but physical exercise is still very important – students to bring own resources
- 100 Hours Revision – relaunched in the run up to the Summer Exams
- Personalised Exam TTs & Exit TTs

Daily processes in school to help the exam process

- Morning Greeting
- Tutorial Sessions
- Lessons, including Period 5s
- November and March Mocks – routines were practised to reduce stress in the Summer exams
 - Morning Greeting and Line up in exam location
 - Equipment out ready
 - Reminder that everyone has the right to enter their exams feeling calm and stress-free
 - Reminder of JCQ guidelines



Equipment

- Students need a clear pencil case as well as:
 - Several black pens
 - Pencil
 - Eraser
 - Ruler
 - Protractor
 - Compass
 - Scientific Calculator



JCQ Guidelines

- In external exams, if a phone rings, it has to be reported to JCQ and could result in disqualification.
- Unauthorised items:
 - Phones, watches, web-enabled devices must be switched off and left in bags or handed to invigilators.
 - Correction fluid
 - Gel pens
 - Calculator lids/cases
 - Written notes
 - Dictionaries



AQA

City & Guilds

CCEA

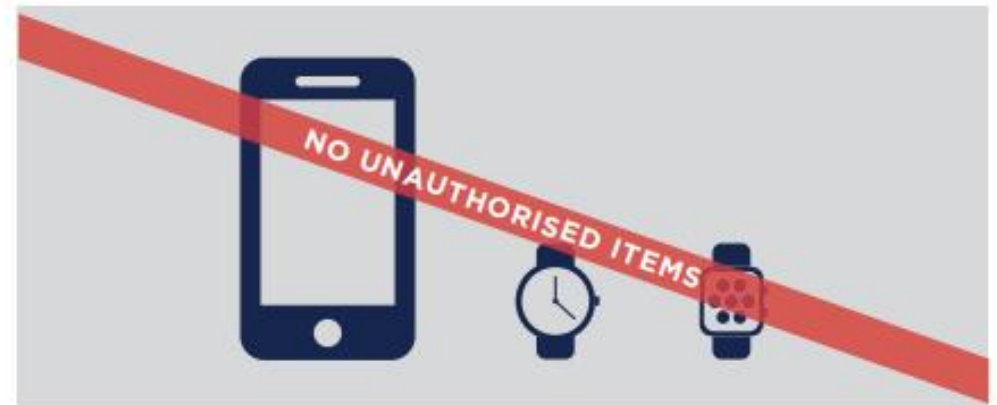
OCR

Pearson

WJEC

**NO MOBILE PHONES
NO WATCHES**

**NO POTENTIAL TECHNOLOGICAL/WEB
ENABLED SOURCES OF INFORMATION**



Possession of unauthorised items, such as a mobile phone
or any watch, is a serious offence and could result in

DISQUALIFICATION

from your examination and your overall qualification.

Revision Strategies – what we're focusing on in school...

- How to create a Revision Timetable
- 100 Hour Revision Challenge
- **Flash Cards**
- **Mind Mapping**
- **Cornell Notes**
- Revision Guides
- Exam Essentials



How to create a Revision Timetable



DOs

Consider how much time do you have to revise.
Prioritise and balance your subjects/topics.
Break subjects into topics.
Allocate 30 minute time slots.
Plan what to do in each revision session.
Stay flexible.
Make your timetable achievable.



DON'Ts

Leave everything until the last minute.
Just focus on your favourite subjects.
Just focus on the topics you feel happy with.
Work on one subject for hours.
Just pick up a random resource to revise.
Get stressed if you can't follow your timetable.

How to create a Revision Timetable

100 Hour Revision Challenge GCSEs – REVISION PLANNER



Plan out your revision over the weeks running up to GCSE exams... and during the exams!

Week	Mon	Tues	Wed	Thurs	Fri	Sat	Sun
1	11th March	12th March	13th March	14th March	15th March	16th March	17th March
2	18th March	19th March	20th March	21st March	22nd March	23rd March	24th March
3	25th March	26th March	27th March	28th March	29th March	30th March	31st March
4 Easter	1st April	2nd April	3rd April	4th April	5th April	6th April	7th April
5 Easter	8th April	9th April	10th April	11th April	12th April	13th April	14th April
6	15th April	16th April	17th April	18th April	19th April	20th April	21st April
7	22nd April	23rd April	24th April	25th April	26th April	27th April	28th April
8	29th April	30th April	1st May	2nd May	3rd May	4th May	5th May
9 GCSEs start	6th May	7th May	8th May	9th May	10th May	11th May	12th May

10	13th May	14th May	15th May	16th May	17th May	18th May	19th May
11	20th May	21st May	22nd May	23rd May	24th May	25th May	26th May
12 Half term	27th May	28th May	29th May	30th May	31st May	1st June	2nd June
13	3rd June	4th June	5th June	6th June	7th June	8th June	9th June
14	10th June	11th June	12th June	13th June	14th June	15th June	16th June
15	17th June	18th June	19th June	20th June	21st June 16th Farm Innovation Day	All exams have finished! Well done! 🎉	

NOTE: **Wednesday 26th June** is a GCSE Exam Contingency Day (a day for exams set aside in case any exams have to be cancelled on their original date) – **you need to be available for this day.**

NOTE: Friday 28th June is the Prom! 🎉

Flash Cards

Great for testing and improving memory through practiced information retrieval.



DOs

Make your own flash cards.

Use pictures and words together to help your memory .

Use mnemonics.

Put 1 question on 1 card (with the answer on the back).

Put 1 keyword on 1 card (with the definition on the back).

Break complex ideas down into multiple simple questions.

Using flash cards – test yourself, or get others to test you:

Say answers out loud.

Use your cards from both sides.



DON'Ts

Buy pre-made Flash Cards.

Cram as many facts as possible onto one card.

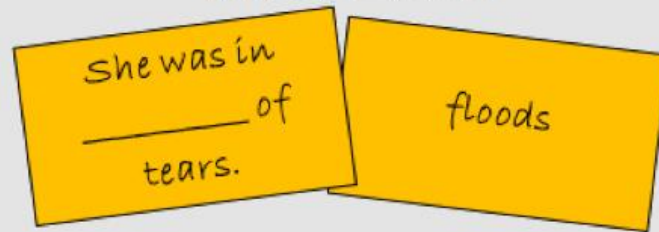
Assume that writing something once means you know it.

Just read the flash cards.

Flash Cards

Different types of flash card

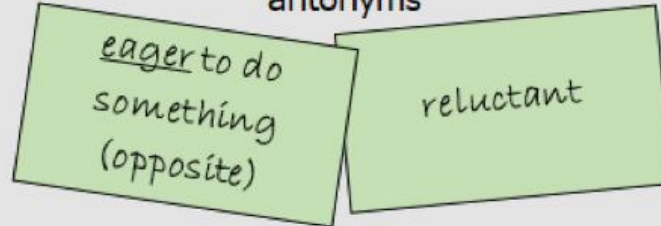
gapped sentences



synonyms



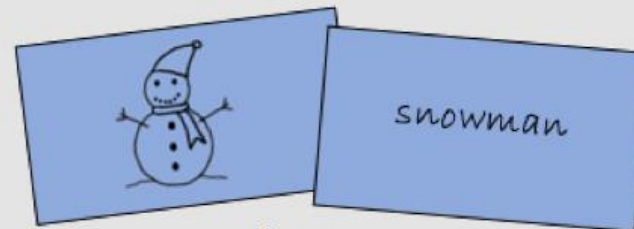
antonyms



definitions



translations



pictures

Mind Mapping

Great for collecting all information about a topic on one page and maximising the working of both sides of our brains.



DOS

Use different colours for different topics.

Use A3 paper to give you more room to get an entire topic on one page.

Try to copy out your mind map from memory.

Get someone to test you on it.



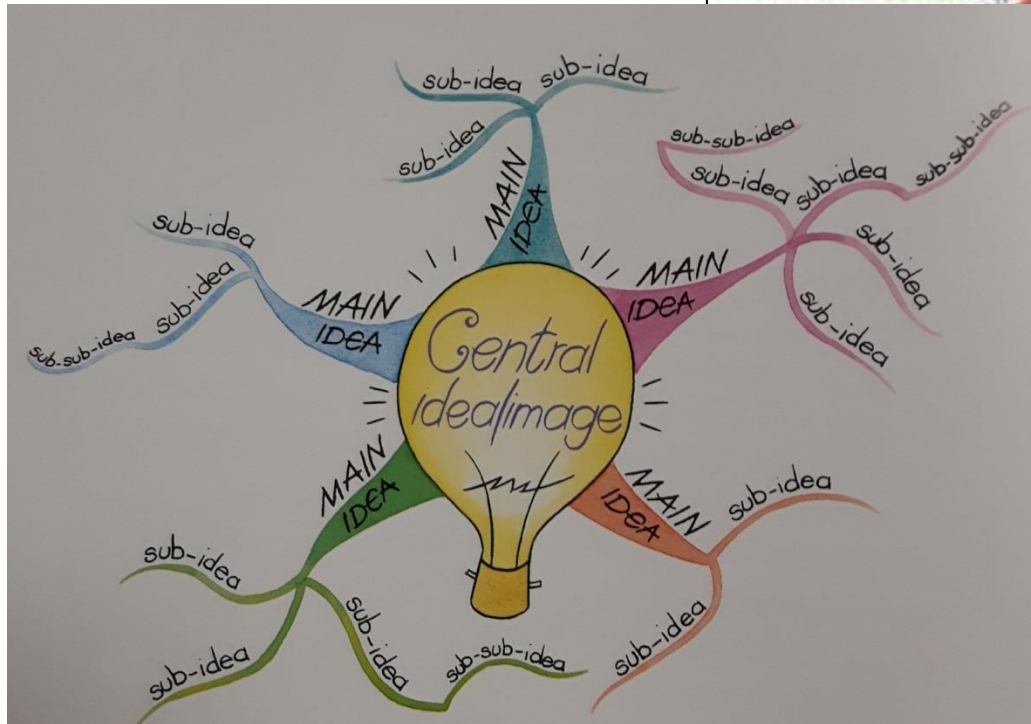
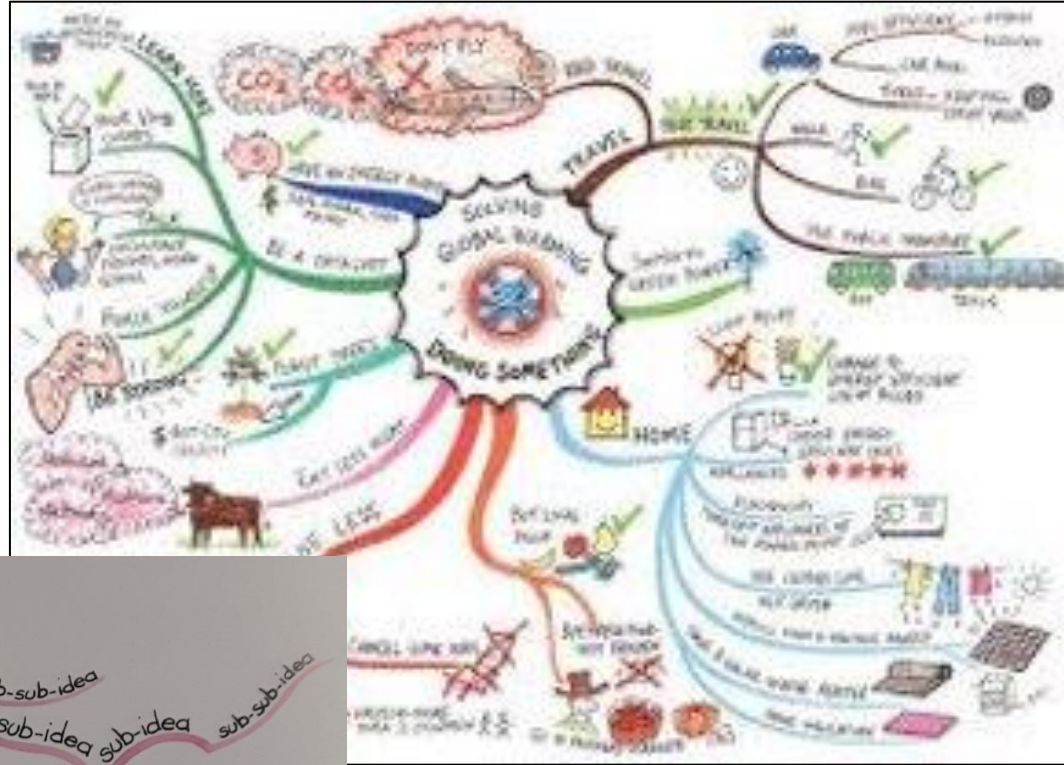
DON'Ts

Create your mind map in black and white.

Assume that writing something once means you know it.

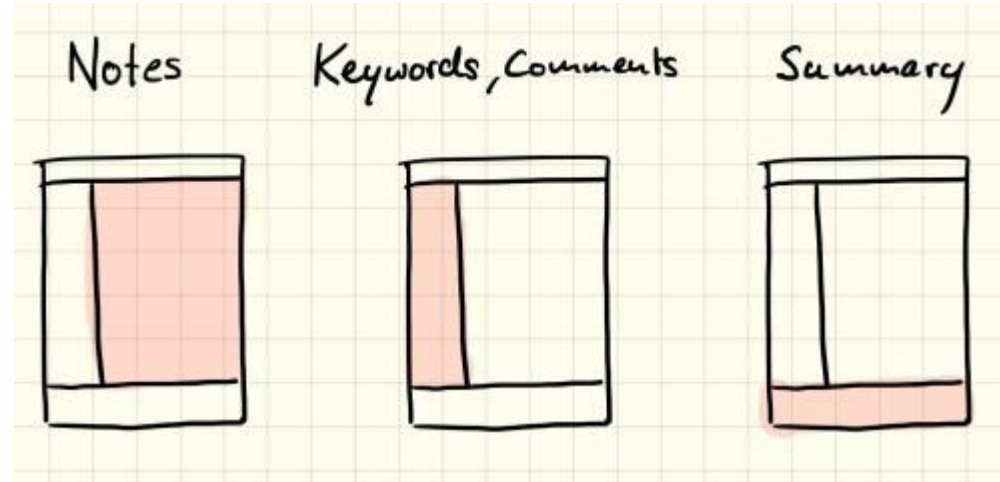
Just look at the Mind Map.

Mind Mapping



Cornell Notes

A great method for taking notes, as well as organising and summarising notes.



DOs

Set your page out as above.

Write your title in the top section.

Write your main notes and key thoughts in the largest section.

Write any keywords, comments, questions raised in the left column.

Summarise the information in the bottom section.

Get someone to test you on your questions/ keywords/ summaries to practice active recall.



DON'Ts

Write your notes over the entire page without sections.
Just highlight key words.

Cornell Notes

Stomach

What is the anatomy of the stomach?

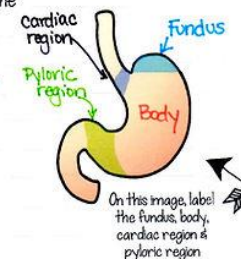
Stomach = muscular sac with thick walls
The stomach continues the processes of mechanical and chemical digestion.

What are sphincters and what is their function in the digestive system?

Thick rings of muscle that act as gatekeepers to regulate food movement

What two sphincters are located in the stomach?

- Cardiac sphincter = separates esophagus from stomach
- Pyloric sphincter = separates stomach from small intestine



How does mechanical digestion occur in the stomach?

The stomach has a slippery outer layer of serosa, followed by 3 layers of muscle:

- Longitudinal muscularis
- Circular muscularis
- Oblique muscularis

These muscles help to churn food and propel it towards the small intestine. The churning process is known as maceration.

What are rugae? "wrinkles" in the mucosa that can stretch when full

The mucosa layer of the stomach contains several specialized gastric gland cells:

- Mucous cells - secrete mucus to protect stomach lining
- Chief cells - secrete pepsinogen (inactive enzyme)
- Parietal cells - secrete HCl to kill microbes in food & convert pepsinogen into pepsin, which breaks down food proteins.

The soupy mixture formed from the squeezing of the stomach and the addition of these gastric juices is known as chyme.



Summary

The stomach is made of 3 muscular layers and an outer layer of serosa. During maceration, the stomach churns the food and gastric gland cells add chemicals and enzymes leading to the formation of chyme.

Name: Mrs. Simpson
Date: April 10, 2018

Skill or Standard for focus / Objective: Standard L.
I can identify coordinate and cumulative adjectives

adjectives are words that describe nouns.

coordinate adjectives are adjectives that describe the same noun that we must separate with a comma.

- D determiner
- O opinion
- S size
- A age
- S shape
- C color
- O origin
- M material
- P purpose

This is the order that adj's appear in a sentence.

You sold me a mushy, sticky apple!
You sold me a mushy green apple!

- If adjectives ARE coordinate, they get a comma.
- If adjectives ARE NOT coordinate, they DO NOT get a comma.

How do we know if adjectives are coordinate?

- ① Try the "and test." Put the word "and" between the words. If it makes sense, then they are coordinate.
- ② Try reversing the order of the adjectives. If it still makes sense, then these are coordinate adjectives!

When in doubt, consult DOSASCOMP!
If adjectives belong to the same category, then they ARE coordinate adjectives. If they belong to different categories, then they are NOT coordinate adjectives.

Coordinate = comma
not coordinate = no comma

Summary - coordinate adjectives are adjectives that describe the same noun and belong in the same category of adjectives (DOSASCOMP). We use a comma to separate coordinate adjectives

Find more info at Khan Academy!

Revision Guides – see Parent Pay

Great for having all detailed and relevant information in one place.



DOs

Familiarise yourself with the content and layout so you can use them effectively.

Get someone to test you on the information in your revision guide to practice active recall.

Where there are exam questions, attempt them.

Use your revision guides to help you make Cornell notes, or Flash Cards.

Teach someone else the content.



DON'Ts

Assume 'ownership = knowledge'.

Just read your revision guides.

Just highlight key words.

Exam Essentials

Students have been given an Exam Essentials document. It's also accessible on our website. This is a summary of:

- all the subjects they're studying
- topics they need to know for each subject
- detailed information on the types of questions and exam advice
- dates of exams
- best resources to use for revision



DOs

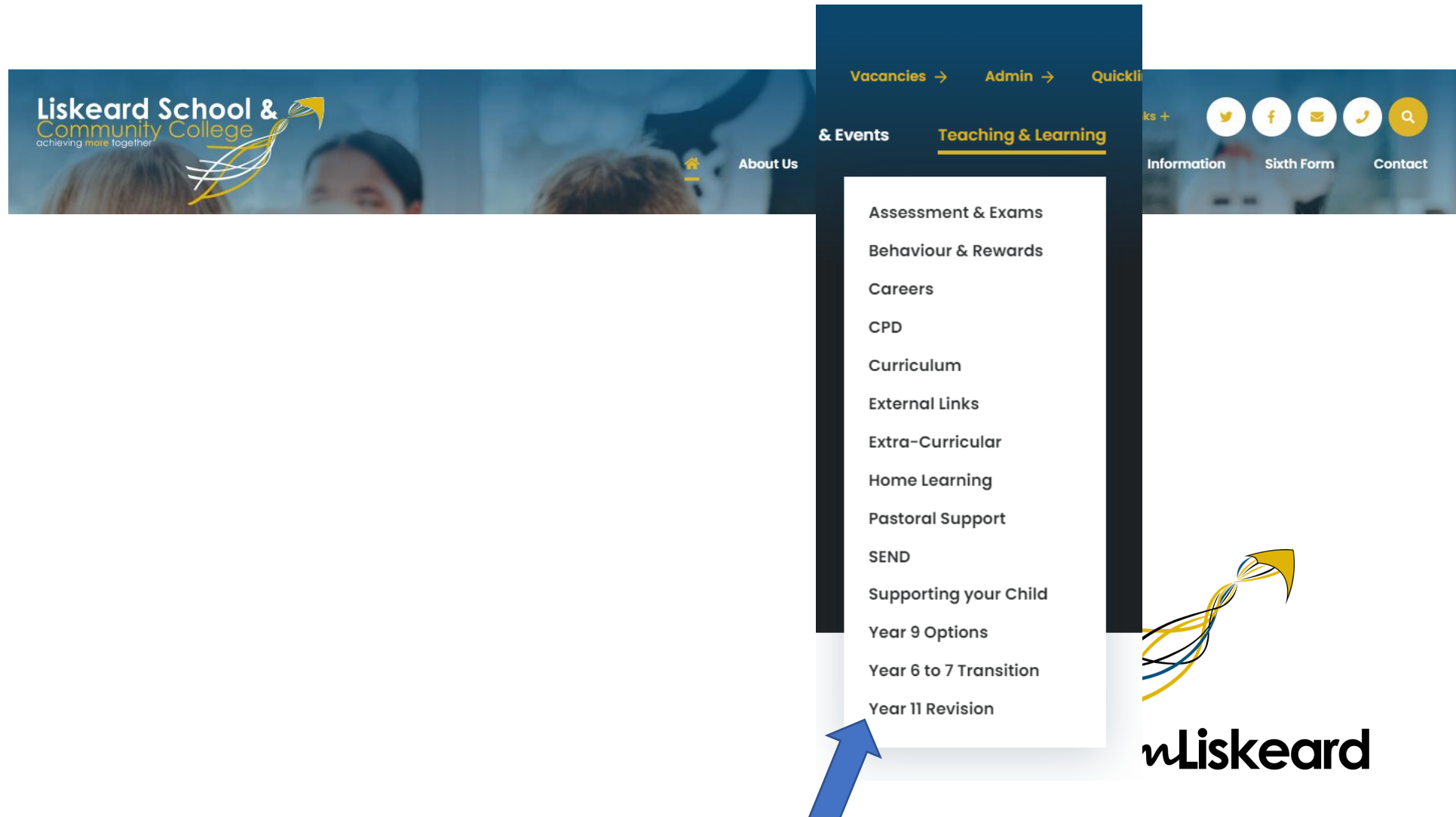
Use it to help plan revision for the run up to the summer. Consider the topics you need to work on, dates of the exams, number of papers in the subject, suggested resources.



DON'Ts

Assume 'ownership = knowledge'.

Subject Specific Materials on our website



Revision materials and strategies

A horizontal banner with a dark blue background. The word "Science" is written in large, bold, yellow letters with a black outline. The banner is decorated with clusters of small, colorful dots (red, yellow, green, blue, pink) in the top-left and top-right corners.

Science

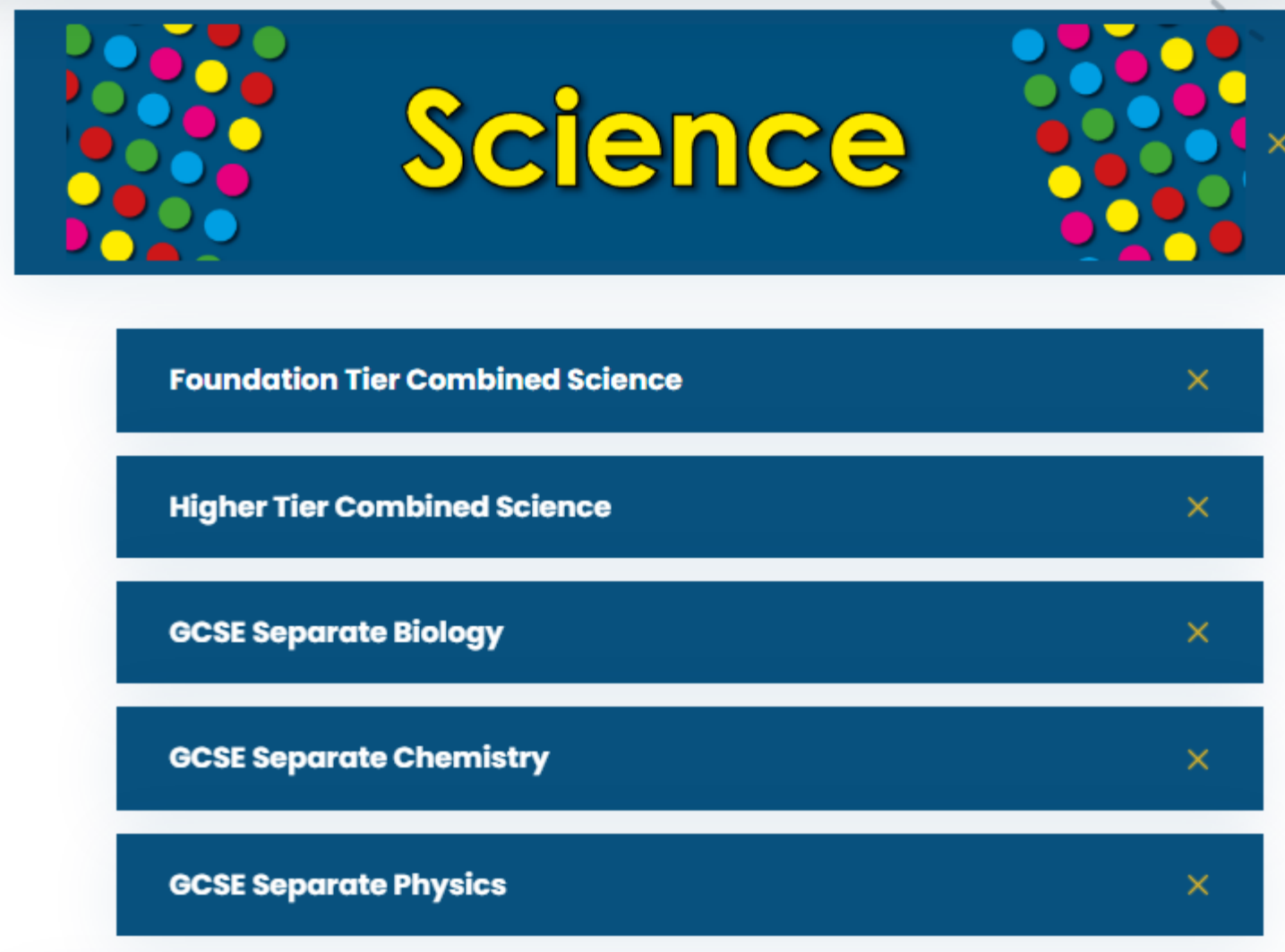
A horizontal banner with a dark blue background. The word "English" is written in large, bold, yellow letters with a black outline. The banner is decorated with a pattern of colorful squares (yellow, green, blue, pink) arranged in a checkered or mosaic-like pattern on the left and right sides.

English

A horizontal banner with a dark blue background. The word "Mathematics" is written in large, bold, yellow letters with a black outline. The banner is decorated with a pattern of colorful squares (yellow, green, blue, pink) arranged in a checkered or mosaic-like pattern on the left and right sides.

Mathematics

Revision materials and strategies



Revision materials and strategies



Foundation Tier Combined Science



Exam Essentials – GCSE Combined Science Trilogy



Personal Learning Checklist



Knowledge Organisers



Revision materials and strategies



Foundation Tier Combined Science



Exam Essentials – GCSE Combined Science Trilogy



Qualification name	GCSE Combined Science Trilogy
Exam board and Exam code	AQA (8464) QAN-601/8758/X
Number of papers and duration of each paper	6 Papers – (2 biology, 2 chemistry, 2 physics) 1 hour 15 minutes each



Revision materials and strategies



Foundation Tier Combined Science



Exam Essentials – GCSE Combined Science Trilogy



Personal Learning Checklist



Revision Checklist – Y11 Biology Paper 1

Revision Checklist – Y11 Biology Paper 2



Revision materials and strategies



Foundation Tier Combined Science



Exam Essentials – GCSE Combined Science Trilogy



Personal Learning Checklist



Knowledge Organisers



- [B1 FT Accelerated Revision](#)
- [B2 FT Accelerated Revision](#)
- [C1 FT Accelerated Revision](#)



Core Subjects - Advice



English Language

- Check that you know the timings of the paper
- Know what skills are being tested in each questions
- Learn the frameworks for answering each question type
- Practise using the *whole* range of punctuation marks
- Ensure you know all the key language features – what they're called and why they're used
- Create a bank of useful, high-level vocabulary to be able to describe perspectives and to use in your writing
- Work through past papers and get them marked by your teacher
- Period 5 sessions – Tuesday or Wednesday



English Literature

- Learn:
 - Your prepared introductions
 - Key quotations
 - Key words and how to use them to explain the quotations
- Plan the links between the poems in the Power and Conflict anthology
- Plan essays for the key themes and characters of the texts
- Work through past papers and get them marked by your teacher
- Get help from online video resources e.g. Mr Bruff, Dr Aiden
- Ensure you know which questions you'll be answering in both papers
- Period 5 sessions – Tuesday or Wednesday



Science

- Ensure you know which qualification/tier are you doing:
 - Combined Science or Separate Science?
 - Higher or Foundation?
- Use Revision Guides and Workbooks
- Satchel:One
 - Accelerated Revision Sheets
 - Carousel Study Packs
- Period 5 sessions – Tuesday or Wednesday



Maths

- The best way to revise maths is to do maths
 - Use Revision Guides and Workbooks
 - Work through past papers
 - Websites:
 - Sparx – little and often
 - OnMaths
 - Maths Genie
- Use QLAs from the mocks – see Sparx codes
- Period 5 sessions – Thursday
- Make sure you have a calculator that you are used to using



How you can help at home

- Ensure your child attends school.
- Encourage them to attend Period 5s.
- Add key dates to family calendars.
- Be involved in revision sessions – test them and allow them to teach you!
- Support your child to stick to their Revision Timetable.
- Help them to have a quiet place to study and minimise distractions, this might involve locking their phone away!
- Make sure they have breaks.
- Encourage good sleeping habits.
- Encourage exercise.
- Ensure they eat breakfast.
- Have tasty snacks, support and motivation on hand!

Remember that you are also a part of   **#TeamLiskeard**

Q&A

